

A.T.A. SUGGEST REVEREND C. W. BROWN DELIVERS BIBLE STUDENTS' PENSIONS BILL ADDRESS ON PASTOR RUSSELL HOLD MEETING

School Teachers Ask Government to Assist in Stabilizing Profession.

The school teachers of the province are seeking enactment of legislation providing for pensions for members of the profession upon retirement. A delegation representing teachers' organizations from all parts of the province and other interested bodies met at the Hotel Vancouver on Saturday and presented their proposals to the committee on education headed by the government. The committee indicated that the matter would be taken under careful consideration. The attitude of the government is that the pensioning of school teachers is a problem which should be solved by the province.

The delegation was introduced by George Andrews, M.L.A. for Bedford. He is believed, chairman of the Calgary school board, outlined the terms of the pensioning as follows. The teachers to turn over two and one-half per cent of their salaries and the government to add a similar amount. The fund would amount to about \$125,000 and the interest would be paid over the first year and gradually increase.

The pension would range from \$150 to \$1250, depending upon the length of service. This scheme provides for retirement at age 60. The delegation pointed out that under the present conditions it was not sufficient in amount for the average person to interest them for more than a few years.

It was admitted that the pension would not be sufficient to enable women to keep the necessary training for a stipend of \$1000 a year, but for the most part they were making a sacrifice in order to do so.

The pension would be given by the government and the teachers would be responsible for the cost of the pension.

At the present time the average salary of a teacher is \$1000 a year. The pension would be given by the government and the teachers would be responsible for the cost of the pension.

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32 inches wide.	\$2.49	32 inches wide.	\$1.65
At per yard		At per yard	

WITH THE LEGISLATORS

The professional on the part of the leader of the opposition to bring about a curtailment of expenditures and incidentally to bring about the demerits of the members and the chairman of the committee. The speaker in the legislature in the course of his speech said it was not expected that this recommendation would be given the approval of the government. On the contrary it was expected that the government will oppose the recommendation to the legislature.

Has His Majority

This is a very important question possible only by the overwhelming majority of the members of the legislature. The speaker in the legislature in the course of his speech said it was not expected that this recommendation would be given the approval of the government. On the contrary it was expected that the government will oppose the recommendation to the legislature.

North Continued

For the most part the debate has been a rapid fire of criticism hurled at the government by the opposition benches and a rebuttal by the government. The speaker in the legislature in the course of his speech said it was not expected that this recommendation would be given the approval of the government. On the contrary it was expected that the government will oppose the recommendation to the legislature.

Supreme Court

The large debate actions are set for hearing today by Judge Crawford, later by Mr. Turner, and Krasa vs. Phipps.

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CALGARY BARRISTER APPOINTED TO POST

Law A. Walsh, barrister of Calgary, has been appointed to the post of legal adviser to the government of Alberta. He will be the first person to hold this position.

The appointment of Mr. Walsh to the post of legal adviser to the government of Alberta is a significant step in the development of the legal system in the province.

Mr. Walsh has been practicing law in Calgary for many years and is well known for his expertise in legal matters.

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EXPECT SURVEY OF PROTECTION FACILITIES

A survey of fire protection facilities in Edmonton by the Western Canada Fire Underwriting association is expected shortly and it is probable that there will be some alterations in the key rate. The board of directors, after writing to the commissioners, declare that the adoption of the new fire insurance system, will weaken the fire department.

The city architect is now engaged in making a survey of the fire protection facilities in Edmonton by the Western Canada Fire Underwriting association is expected shortly and it is probable that there will be some alterations in the key rate.

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Coming Events

The Legislature "club dinner" will be held in the ballroom of the Macdonald Hotel on March 3. Tickets may be secured from members of the club.

Tuesday—Annual meeting of the Edmonton Auto and Garage Owners Association at the Royal George Hotel. Supper (tickets, 75c) 6:30 p.m. Business at 7:30 p.m. For supper reservations phone 2661 or 5311.

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Our Boarding House

I GAVE YOU
FIVE YEARS TO
TAKE ALVIN TO
A MOVIE LAST
NIGHT—AND ALVIN
TELLS ME THAT HE
SAY ALL ALONE HE
PLEASE EXPLAIN!

HEAD MEAR, I
HOPE THE HARK OF
DISTRICT HAS NOT
ENTERED INTO OUR
LIVES AFTER ALL
THESE NEARBY
ME JUDGE—HE HAS
WISHED TO GET DOWN
IN FRONT AND I HAD
FORGOTTEN TO RECH
AND GLADLY SO
WAS I WISHED TO GO
IN THE BACK!
—THAT EXPLAINS IT
ALL.

ME—TH OLD
PASTOR—JUST
PASTOR—JUST
COLLAR ON 35¢
OF THAT HALF
DOLLAR A PIECE
DOLLAR A PIECE
TICKET FOR ALVIN!

I SAW HIM
OPENING OUT
IN FRONT OF
THE MOVIE
HE FELT AS
A WARRIOR
A SCARECROW
IN A TUNED!

OGDEN'S LIVERPOOL

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The Edmonton Bulletin

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MONDAY, MARCH 2, 1925.

THE POLLY OF SECTIONALISM.

The Saskatchewan Association of Highway gave the Liberals of Manitoba some sound advice when it urged them to keep clear of sectionalism and to fight sectionalism on the part of other political groups. Unless they do both they cannot be Liberals in more than name, and neither can they promote the interests of their Province and of the West generally.

Talking about sectionalism because the West cannot get all that it wants from Ottawa, and get it as quickly as it would like, is equivalent to proposing that one should cut off his nose to spite his face. The separation of the West would be a blow to Canadians everywhere, but particularly to those of them who live in the West. All Westerners would gain if it would be the privilege of taxing themselves more heavily than they are now taxed, for the purpose of carrying on another Government, and building the Hudson Bay railway and other western projects which the easterners are slow to agree to spend money on.

There is no danger of the West breaking away from the Dominion. We simply couldn't afford to do that, if we wanted to. But there is danger that unless the sectionalist campaign in the West is fought by western people it will do harm to the Dominion. The separation of the West would be a blow to Canadians everywhere, but particularly to those of them who live in the West. All Westerners would gain if it would be the privilege of taxing themselves more heavily than they are now taxed, for the purpose of carrying on another Government, and building the Hudson Bay railway and other western projects which the easterners are slow to agree to spend money on.

WHAT THEY HAVE THEY HOLD.

On the ground that the war had forced up the cost of living, members of a former Legislature raised the sessional indemnity from \$1,500 to \$2,000. There was always room to doubt whether a session of \$200 more to attract war-time or post-war session than it did to spend eight or ten weeks in the city in pre-war days. That issue was not raised, however, in any quarter, and the increase was made by common consent of parties and without protest from the public.

The war and over conditions have measurably subsided. No more so that in private employ the war-time rates of pay have been generally reduced. Even the civil servants, employed by the Legislature, have been called upon to re-negotiate and help the economic readjustment by working for less money.

But the members continue to draw indemnities at the wartime rate, and the Ministers and their supporters continue on the generous scale to which they were boosted because living expenses went up years ago. The thing is indefensible, and in fact no attempt has been made to defend it aside from the ill-considered pronouncement of the Minister of Agriculture that the proposal to reduce salaries and indemnities is "revenue."

The Ministers and their supporters, it is to be gathered, regard themselves as a special order of beings, whom the public are obligated to save from the horrors of reduction. They are entitled to have the claim upon a supposition that they are worth the money or upon the fact that certain other members of society are maintained at a public charge without regard to value received. It is not stated. What is clear is that neither the Ministers nor their followers have the remotest intention of allowing their "wages" to be cut. The opposition is not even fighting a losing battle in trying to get a resolution of that kind through the Legislature.

The most serious matter is not that the Government majority refuse to make the comparatively small saving that would come from a reduction of salaries and indemnities, but that until they start economy at that point they cannot be expected to apply it to the scale of public expenditures generally. If the Ministers and their supporters are entitled to draw war-time salaries and allowances then it was an outrage to reduce the pay of their employees below the war-time standard. And while they continue to collect at that rate what else can they expect but to keep spending program and cut the outlay down to a proper relation to income and the present paying power of the pulpit? Economy, like clarity, is not consistent unless it begins at home, and that is the only kind of either that ever works out fairly and to the general good.

THE CALL OF THE LAND.

The farmer does not govern his operations entirely by the state of the weather. He has to go by the calendar and make arrangements before hand with confidence that while the earth stands seed time and harvest shall not fail. A landscape buried under three feet of snow does not suggest that it is time to get the plow out and haul and groom the horses for the spring work. But these, and other preliminary matters, are engaging the attention of the Alberta farmer at present, despite the threatened below zero weather and the swirling snow-storms. Eight hundred applications for farm hands have been received at the Government employment bureau. The farmer is thinking of three or four extra hands, and making plans to put in another crop.

From the standpoint of the city people that means, among other things, that the employment season is about at an end. The news will be welcome to all who have been unable to get steady work during the winter and who want work. There will be a heavy migration from town to country within the next month, with a corresponding easing of the conditions in the urban centres and a corresponding easing of the pressure for relief. It is in the interests of all concerned that this migration should begin early and be of

large proportions. There will be work for all the unemployed once spring opens on the land. The more of the idle who respond to the call, the larger will be the harvest next fall, the better will be business conditions next winter, and the fewer the men who will flock to towns when the spring has ended and ask for force work or moral tickets.

Edmonton, and most other western cities, have spent considerable money during the winter in carrying on work which would have been left off in summer if it had not been for the scarcity of private employment. The same has been done, in larger or smaller measure, in previous winters. Unless a miracle happens the same may have to be done again next winter. The moral seems obvious. If the cities have to carry on sewer and other improvements the winter they should do a little of that work in the summer time unless that is the only season when it can be done properly. The taxpayers cannot stand for a full summer's improvement program and then for a winter of force work or doles in addition. If civic undertakings can be "saved up" for the season when employment is normally scarce, the effect will be to prevent distress without imposing upon the taxpayers, to stabilize conditions the year round, and to leave the labor supply free in summer for use where it is needed—on the farms.

Ontario winter weather is a sort of elemental jazz.

Conservatives at Ottawa blame the Liberals and Progressives for not talking enough. They seem to be quite willing to make up the deficiency. Hansard does not show any tendency to undue thinness.

The Dominion Government is sending copies of the Duncan report to the western provincial Governments, whose duty it is to prosecute the front combine, if cause for prosecution has been established. If the report is as complimentary as the telegraphed summary made it appear it should not take the Attorney-General of this Province to make up his mind what to do about it. Fruit is not a necessity for which the people of this province cannot afford to be over-charged. The price must be high enough without that.

Twenty Years Ago

From the Files of the Daily Bulletin, March 2, 1905.

The weather: Maximum 44; minimum, 20.

From the attitude previously assumed by the press of Calgary, it was not to be supposed that the announcement that Edmonton had been selected as the temporary capital of the province of Alberta would be received by that city with indifference or equanimity. Few passions are more desperate or voracious than the desire to be the capital of a province which devoted themselves solely to the business of the Province of Alberta would accept defeat in silence or go to any lengths to settle themselves to a more legitimate effort to win out in the struggle for the permanent capital.

But while the right of duty of the Calgary press and the public have not been so much concerned with the matter, it might have been expected that the contest for the capital of the Province of Alberta would be a contest of fairness and truthfulness which are admitted bonds of union between the people of the Province. It is regretted that they have been severely disappointed by the course.

The papers of the Southern City are daily giving evidence that the quality of that city as a capital, but some of them are misleading. If any truth.

The murder trial of a prospector named King, charged with the killing of his partner at Leduc River, last fall, continued at the court room. A large crowd gathered yesterday morning before the stated time of commencement. There are several Indians from the Lake here as witnesses.

Current Comment

MUSICAL TASTE.

Lord Bixenham, who never spares people's feelings, has made a public statement that he would "rather pay \$25 than sit through a classical concert." Such a statement is not only a reflection upon the taste of the British nobility, but it is also a reflection upon the taste of the British people. It is a statement that is not only a reflection upon the taste of the British nobility, but it is also a reflection upon the taste of the British people. It is a statement that is not only a reflection upon the taste of the British nobility, but it is also a reflection upon the taste of the British people.

SPENDTHRIFT DOMINIONS.

There is probably no other country who so lightly regards the rights of the future as our own Australia. To take something out of the continent and pass it over to others for their present cash value has been the policy of the Dominion for nearly a century and a half. While the year 1925 finds us still largely a land of wood and drawers of water for other people.

PHOTOGRAPH AMENDMENT.

We cannot possibly accept the protocol as it stands for a number of reasons, among which the duties of our dominions for it is only one. Equally we cannot afford to reject it outright; for to do so would be to slip in the face to all those statesmen among our continental allies who have stood for internationalism and against the isolationist nationalism represented by Mr. Paucore. Hence our answer to the protocol must take the form, not of rejection, but of amendment.

REAL ESTATE REFORM.

But there is a real reform of the senate yet to be undertaken, which will greatly interest and benefit the public. Such a reform would make of the upper chamber a great assembly of elder statesmen—men who, by experience and achievement in commerce, in literature, in manufacturing, in invention, in public service and public affairs. By working the arts and the sciences, some of these might have made themselves available for popular election, and that, heretofore as it may be, the duties of their qualifications for the post. Such a reform in a decade would make the Canadian senate one of the most useful and impressive bodies in the world. A senate so reformed would never need reform. It might, indeed, because of its superiority to the house of commons, make the need of a reform of the lower house.

THE MASTER GERM.

The really marvelous thing about the bacteriological microbe raised by Dr. Robert A. Gower of the University of Minnesota, is not its power to destroy the human body, but its power to make us happy. It is a microbe that is not only a reflection upon the taste of the British nobility, but it is also a reflection upon the taste of the British people. It is a microbe that is not only a reflection upon the taste of the British nobility, but it is also a reflection upon the taste of the British people. It is a microbe that is not only a reflection upon the taste of the British nobility, but it is also a reflection upon the taste of the British people.

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ON PARLIAMENTARY HILL

OTTAWA, Feb. 28.—An indication of the attitude of Parliament to save the public money by eliminating needless talk and getting down to business promptly, was furnished on Monday last week when the debate on the motion for the adjournment of the House of Commons was held.

Monday last week, when the debate on the motion for the adjournment of the House of Commons was held, the House was divided 104 to 100 in favor of the motion. The debate was held on the motion for the adjournment of the House of Commons, which was moved by Mr. J. E. McManis, a Conservative member for South York. The motion was carried by a majority of four votes. The debate was held on the motion for the adjournment of the House of Commons, which was moved by Mr. J. E. McManis, a Conservative member for South York. The motion was carried by a majority of four votes.

OF AMENDING THE DOMINION CONSTITUTION

Dr. E. T. Tisdale and Donald Bunting, (South Ontario), the latter of whom last week in the House devoted a lengthy speech to denouncing the Dominion and that the latter could not be the basis of the Dominion.

Whether or not the amendment of the Dominion constitution should be considered by the Dominion, the amendment of the Dominion constitution should be considered by the Dominion. The amendment of the Dominion constitution should be considered by the Dominion. The amendment of the Dominion constitution should be considered by the Dominion. The amendment of the Dominion constitution should be considered by the Dominion.

CONDUCT COBET-MARTIAL

OTTAWA, Feb. 27.—Judge J. F. L. Embury, of the supreme court of Saskatchewan, and county court Judge Alex. Ross, both of Regina, were appointed to the position of conductors of the National defense fund.

The National defense fund is a fund for the purpose of raising money for the defense of the Dominion. The fund is managed by the National defense fund committee, which is composed of members of the Dominion government and members of the Dominion parliament. The fund is managed by the National defense fund committee, which is composed of members of the Dominion government and members of the Dominion parliament.

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2. You may wish to arrange to have your life insurance paid as a monthly income.
3. You may want advice regarding the proper appointment of a beneficiary, or it may be necessary to change the present beneficiary.
4. You may wish to know how your insurance can be paid to your beneficiary in quarterly, half-yearly or yearly instalments, instead of a lump sum.

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MARKETS

GENERAL LIST IS CARRIED UP

Bullish Operations in New York Stocks Boost the Total Sales.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Speculators for the advanced started a series of bullish operations in Saturday's stock market, carrying the general list up 3 to 4 points on total sales in excess of \$2,000,000.

For the two-hour session, the general list advanced 3 to 4 points, the highest prices since 1922.

General Petroleum moved up over 2 points to 34 1/4, the highest price since 1922.

Atlantic Coast moved up over 1 point to 14 1/4, the highest price since 1922.

Standard Oil moved up over 1 point to 14 1/4, the highest price since 1922.

General Petroleum moved up over 2 points to 34 1/4, the highest price since 1922.

Atlantic Coast moved up over 1 point to 14 1/4, the highest price since 1922.

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